

a 2003 0024

The invention refers to medicine, in particular to cardiology.

Summary of the method of precocious diagnosis of the acute myocardial infarction consists in determining the presence in the blood serum of the biological marker SR-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-ATP-ase with the help of the specific monoclonal antibodies Anti-Ca<sup>2+</sup>-ATP-ase SERCA 2 Monoclonal ab Clone No. 2A7-A1.

Claims: 1